



The Greville Primary School – Science Working Scientifically Progression Map

Ask Questions



Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Can ask simple questions. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ask simple questions. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ask simple questions and recognise that they can be answered in different ways. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ask questions and understand there are different enquiry types they could use to answer them. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ask relevant questions and use different types of scientific enquiry to answer them. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ask scientific questions and begin to understand which questions would be best suited to each enquiry type. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ask relevant scientific questions and choose which enquiry type would best be suited to answer them.

Make Predictions



Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Say what they think will happen. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make simple predictions. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make simple predictions based on a question. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make relevant predictions. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make predictions based on simple scientific knowledge. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make predictions based on scientific knowledge. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make predictions based on scientific knowledge.

Set Up Tests



Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Can perform simple tests with adult support 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Verbally state what they are going to investigate. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify what they will change and keep the same. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify what they will change, observe and keep the same, With support, set up simple practical enquiries. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify what they will change, observe or measure and keep the same. Set up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> With support, plan different types of scientific enquiry. Where appropriate, identify the dependent, independent and controlled variables. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Plan different types of scientific enquiry to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary.

Make observations and measurements



Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Can observe changes over time. • Can observe patterns • Can identify similarities and difference • Can describe what they can see 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Observe closely. • Carry out simple tests using non-standard measurements when appropriate. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Observe closely, using simple equipment. • Measure using standard units when appropriate. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Begin to use scientific equipment to make observations. • Carry out tests and simple experiments and take measurements using standard units. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make systematic and careful observations. • Take accurate measurements using standard units, using a range of equipment, including thermometers and data loggers. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use a range of scientific equipment to make systematic and careful observations. • Take accurate measurements using a range of scientific equipment. Start to take repeat reading when appropriate. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use a range of scientific equipment to make systematic and careful observations with increased complexity. • Take measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat reading when appropriate.

Gather, record and classify data



Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Can identify and classify animals and materials. • Can record observations in ways that are important and meaningful to them. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gather and record simple data. • Sort objects and living things into groups based on simple properties. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gather and record data to help in answering questions. • Identifying and classifying. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gather and record data in different ways to help answer questions. • Recording findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams, bar charts and tables. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gather, record and classify data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions. • Record findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams, keys, bar charts and tables. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gather, record and classify data with increasing complexity to help in answering questions. • Record data using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, bar and line graphs. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Record data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs.

Interpreting and Communicating Data



Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tell an adult what they have noticed. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Explain what they found out to an adult or partner. Answer simple questions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Talk about what they have found out and how they found it out. (non-statutory) Use their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Report on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations. Make simple conclusions. Use results, findings and observations to answer questions. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Report on findings from enquiries including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations of results and conclusions. Use straight-forward scientific evidence to answer questions or to support their findings. Use results to draw conclusions. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Report and present findings from enquiries, including conclusions and causal relationships. Make conclusions based on scientific evidence and from their own testing and findings. Use scientific evidence to answer questions. Identify differences, similarities or changes related to simple ideas and processes. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Report and present findings from enquiries, including conclusions, causal relationships and explanations of degrees of trust in results, in oral and written forms. Use scientific evidence to answer questions. Make conclusions based on scientific evidence and from their own testing and findings. Identify scientific evidence that has been used to support to refute ideas or arguments.

Evaluate



Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Suggest questions for further investigations. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Begin to make predictions for new values, suggest improvements and raise further questions. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make predictions for new values, suggest improvements and raise further questions. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests, Suggest investigations improvements including accuracy of results. Provide some simple examples of how to extend an investigation,